



**PUBLIC AGENDA
NAMING ADVISORY COMMITTEE**

Thursday, December 17, 2015, 10:30 a.m.
Committee Room A, Second Floor, City Hall
Members:

His Worship Mayor D. Atchison, Chair
Councillor T. Davies
Councillor A. Iwanchuk
Senior Planner, P. Kotasek-Toth
Heritage and Design Coordinator, C. Kambeitz
Open Space Consultant, K. Lackie

Pages

1. CALL TO ORDER

2. CONFIRMATION OF AGENDA

Recommendation

That the agenda be approved as presented.

3. ADOPTION OF MINUTES

Recommendation

That the minutes of Regular Meeting of the Naming Advisory Committee held on September 17, 2015 be adopted.

4. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

5. COMMUNICATIONS

6. COMMITTEE MEETING SCHEDULE - 2016

The Committee Assistant reported that the Naming Advisory Committee meets four months of the year on the third Thursday of each month at 10:30 a.m. The following dates are proposed for 2016:

- February 18
- May 19
- September 15

- December 15

Recommendation

That the meeting dates for the Naming Advisory Committee for 2016 be approved.

7. REPORTS FROM ADMINISTRATION

7.1 Naming Advisory Committee Report (Files CK. 6310-1 and PL. 4001-5-2)

3 - 24

The following will speak regarding the Naming Advisory Committee Report:

- Planning & Development, Community Services Pearson will speak to the Anne Szumigalski submission;
- Planning & Development, Community Services Fusco will speak to the North Sector naming options; and
- Dale Dodman will speak to the Zimmer and Dolan submissions.

Recommendation

That direction be issued with respect to the naming and renaming submissions contained within this report.

8. ADJOURNMENT

Naming Advisory Committee Report

Recommendation

That direction be issued with respect to the naming and renaming submissions contained within this report.

Topic and Purpose

The purpose of this report is to consider general naming and renaming requests to ensure they meet City Council guidelines, as set out in Naming of Civic Property and Development Areas Policy No. C09-008 (Naming Policy).

Report Highlights

1. The following naming submissions require screening: Dolan, Skopik, and Zimmer.
2. Renaming requests to be considered consist of the following:
 - a) The name Vic Boulevard has been proposed to rename Victor Road in the Stonebridge Area. Vic will be required to be added to the Names Master List and is being requested to be applied.
 - b) The name Anne Szumigalski is requested to be added to the Names Master List and applied to rename Industrial Park in the Kelsey-Woodlawn neighbourhood.
3. Options have been provided for a specific naming request for the new North Sector Industrial growth area.

Strategic Goal

Under the City of Saskatoon's (City) Strategic Goal of Quality of Life, this report supports the recognition of our built, natural, and cultural heritage. The naming of civic facilities, streets, and parks celebrates the history, environment, and outstanding contributions of our diverse community.

Background

According to the Naming Policy, all requests for naming of roadways from the Names Master List will be selected or endorsed by His Worship the Mayor. All of the names on the Names Master List have been previously screened by the Naming Advisory Committee (NAC) and meet City Council's guidelines for name selection. The specific naming or renaming of municipally-owned or controlled facilities requires City Council approval. Name suffixes are circulated through the Administration for technical review.

At its September 17, 2015 meeting, the NAC considered a report on the renaming request of "Victor Road" and resolved:

"that the re-naming of Victor Road in the Stonebridge area be investigated by Administration to find out the middle name of Victor Sommerfeld, whom

Naming Advisory Committee Report

the road was named by at which time, the re-naming request be brought back to Naming Advisory Committee for consideration.”

At the same meeting, it was also resolved:

“that the Administration apply additional research on the North Sector Plan area to come up with appropriate naming options in relation to the historical, heritage, and natural landmarks of the area.”

Report

General Naming Requests

The following name submissions have been received and require screening:

- 1) “Dolan” – John and Lena Dolan worked in many capacities for children and adults with mental development delays. John Dolan was awarded an honorary Doctorate of Law in 1977 for his work with those with mental development delays. The original submission is included as Attachment 1.

This submission falls under guideline 3.3 a) i) of the Naming Policy recognizing “a person who has demonstrated excellence, courage, or exceptional dedication to service in ways that bring special credit to the City of Saskatoon, Province of Saskatchewan, or Canada.”

- 2) “Skopik” – Dennis Skopik was a physics professor at the University of Saskatchewan, as well as the director of the Linear Accelerator Laboratory. He proposed and lobbied extensively for Saskatoon to be the home of the first synchrotron reactor in Canada: The Canadian Light Source. The original submission is included as Attachment 2.

This submission falls under guideline 3.3 a) i) of the Naming Policy recognizing “a person who has achieved a deed or activity performed in an outstanding professional manner or of an uncommonly high standard that brings considerable benefit to the City of Saskatoon, Province of Saskatchewan, or Canada.”

- 3) “Zimmer” – Wayne Zimmer, along with John Dolan, worked throughout his career to support those with mental and physical disabilities. He worked to ensure institutions such as health care, employment, and education were made more accessible. These efforts culminated in the establishment of SARCAN Recycling. The original submission is included as Attachment 3.

This submission falls under guideline 3.3 a) i) of the Naming Policy recognizing “a person who has demonstrated excellence, courage, or exceptional dedication to service in ways that bring special credit to the City of Saskatoon, Province of Saskatchewan, or Canada.”

The name “Zimmer” was previously added to the Names Master List and has been applied in Willowgrove. Should this submission be approved, the individual’s history will be acknowledged in the City’s naming records without

Naming Advisory Committee Report

creating a new record. The name Zimmer currently recognizes Joe Zimmer, who was a business owner in Sutherland.

Renaming Requests

- 1) “Victor Road” to “Vic Boulevard” – The Rural Municipality (RM) of Corman Park has requested that Victor Road in the Stonebridge neighbourhood be renamed to avoid confusion with Victor Road in the RM of Corman Park that is located approximately 10 kilometres south of the city.

After consultation with the Sommerfeld family, for whom Victor Road is named, the name “Vic Boulevard” was requested. The Administration expressed no concerns with this roadway name or suffix. It should be noted that Victor Sommerfeld’s middle name is “Herbert,” which is not recommended by the Administration, as it is currently in use for park naming. Vic is also preferred by the Sommerfeld family.

- 2) “Industrial Park” to “Szumigalski Park” - The Planning and Development Division, on behalf of the Mayfair – Kelsey-Woodlawn Local Area Plan Committee, has made a request to rename the district park “Industrial Park” after Anne Szumigalski. Industrial Park was named as Municipal Reserve before it had been approved for a park. It is in an Industrial area, hence the name.

Anne Szumigalski was a renowned Saskatoon poet. She was a founder of the Saskatchewan Writers’ Guild; Saskatchewan Writers and Artists Colonies; AKA Gallery; and the Saskatoon Moving Collective, a dance group. She was nominated three times for the Governor General’s Award, a prize she won in 1995 for her collection “Voice.” The original application and supporting information is included as Attachment 4.

Specific Naming Request

- 1) Long Range Planning, Planning and Development, is requesting that the NAC recommend a name for the new North Sector Industrial growth area of the City, either through expansion of the boundary of the “North West Industrial” area to include the North Sector study area, or through the application of a new name. The NAC has previously requested further research to come up with appropriate naming options in relation to the historical, heritage, and natural landmarks of the area. With support from the City Archives and the University of Saskatchewan Geology Department, the Administration provides the following options:
 - a) Ballast Industrial;
 - b) Bearpaw Industrial;
 - c) Brownell Industrial;
 - d) Markham Industrial;
 - e) Northern Gateway Industrial; and
 - f) Riel Industrial.

Further information on these options is provided in Attachment 5.

Naming Advisory Committee Report

Public and/or Stakeholder Involvement

Stakeholders or members of the public are invited to make a short presentation to the NAC, in support of their naming submissions.

Property owners, civic departments, agencies, and community associations who may be affected by the proposed renamings outlined in the report were contacted to gather comments.

In regard to the renaming of Victor Road, there are no residences addressed to Victor Road, nor any addresses proposed. The Stonebridge Community Association, along with Dream Developments and Saskatoon Land, were contacted to advise them of this request. To date, two responses have been received from residents of Stonebridge, both in favour of changing the name.

Regarding the naming of Szumigalski Park, the Community Services Department consulted with relevant stakeholders and received no concerns. The associated community association is supportive of the renaming.

Other Considerations/Implications

There are no options, policy, environmental, financial, privacy, or CPTED implications or considerations; a communication plan is not required at this time.

Due Date for Follow-up and/or Project Completion

No follow-up is required.

Public Notice

Public notice, pursuant to Section 3 of Public Notice Policy No. C01-021, is not required.

Attachments

1. Original Submission – Dolan
2. Original Submission – Skopik
3. Original Submission - Zimmer
4. Original Submission – Anne Szumigalski Renaming
5. North Sector Specific Naming Request - Options

Report Approval

Written by: Daniel McLaren, Planner, Planning and Development
Reviewed by: Alan Wallace, Director of Planning and Development
Approved by: Randy Grauer, General Manager, Community Services Department

S/Reports/DS/2015/NAC – Naming Advisory Committee Report/ks
BF 079-15
BF 077-15

Original Submission - Dolan

APPLICATION FORM
To Name Streets, Parks & Civic Properties

Please complete the attached application form for all new name submissions and requests for re-naming a street, park, or other civic properties.

Name: MRS DALE DODMAN

Address: Box 10, Site 312, R.P. #3

City/Town: SASKATOON Province: SK Postal Code: S7K3J6

Phone: 306-381-5397 E-mail: ddodman@gmail.com

New Name Submission Re-naming Request

Requested Name(s) (please print)
JOHN F LEHA DOLAN

Requested Use of Name

<input type="checkbox"/> Street	<input type="checkbox"/> Park	<input type="checkbox"/> Municipal Facility
<input type="checkbox"/> Neighbourhood	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Any of the Above
<input type="checkbox"/> Suburban Development Areas		

If this is a request for re-naming an existing location, please indicate the current name:

PLEASE INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION AS PART OF YOUR APPLICATION
 (Indicate which items are attached to the application form)

1. Background Information (Reason for request)
2. Short Biography (Given name, date of birth/death, place of birth, contributions, awards, achievements, or other relevant information)

Do you wish to speak to the Naming Advisory Committee? YES NO

Please send the completed application form to:

City of Saskatoon Naming Advisory Committee
 Community Services Department, Planning & Development Branch
 222-3rd Avenue North
 Saskatoon, SK
 S7K 0J5

To The Naming Advisory Committee

Regarding my submission for the names of John and Lena Dolan

Before John and Lena Dolan came onto the scene and got involved there was NO:

1. No public schools with qualified teachers ready to teach children /adults with any mental development delays.
2. No support group or association of parents and families where they could work together to learn from each other and support each other and lobby for necessities for life for their children/adults with any mental development delays.
3. No thoughts of Normalization or any other trains of thought or therapy that focused on anything other than keeping these kids and adults in the family home, closed away from the public and society.
4. No public transportation designed to make interaction with society even a possibility.
5. Before John and Lena and the Flowers of Hope Campaign, there were NO funds available to promote any kind of research, teaching, anything.
6. Kinsmen Telemiracle was John Dolan's idea.
7. The Alvin Buckwold Center was John Dolan's idea.
8. The Adult Independent Persons's Act was written at John and Lena's kitchen table.
9. The Canadian Mental Health Act went under refurbishing and reworking with the input of John Dolan and his experience of working with and for persons under his concern.
10. The Early Childhood Intervention Research and Program was initiated by John Dolan
11. The Associations for the Mentally Retarded were started by John and Lena Dolan. John was President, and Executive Director of both the Saskatchewan Association and the Canadian Association off and on for many years.
12. Cosmopolitan Industries was started by John and Lena Dolan
13. Elmwood Residences and their satellite homes was started by John and Lena Dolan
14. The Community Living Branch of Social Services was initiated by John Dolan
15. Establishing programs such as The Educational Assistant Training Program were John's brainchild
16. Integration as a whole was the idea of John Dolan and Mike Kindrachuck

17. John worked with the employment ministers for a number of years both federally and provincially to establish the Training on the Job Program which has helped untold numbers of young adults get training and ultimately fulltime employment in society.

18. John Dolan and Doreen Fairburn were the first to establish a center, the Developmental Center where severely handicapped children and young adults could come during the day just like other school age kids to receive assessment and therapy and in turn provide support and hope for their families.

19. It was from this first Developmental Centre that the ABC Center was established

20. The whole idea of "sheltered workshops" in Saskatchewan was a result of John and Lena's daughter progressing to the next stage of her life after graduating from John Dolan school and needing to go onto the next stage of life.

21. John Dolan and his good friend Wayne Zimmer established the first SARCAN right here in Saskatoon and look what has blossomed out of that one idea to recycle glass.

22. John and Lean Dolan made sure they got involved with celebrities like Roy Rogers and Dale Evans and Ferris and Jennet Robbins in order to promote awareness of Saskatchewan and what was being done here.

23. John and Lena Dolan made sure that after they got things started here in Saskatoon that there were countless miles and hours spent replicating these same services at most large towns and cities throughout the province. After that they worked to help other Associations in other provinces get established and grow.

24. For the first probably 15 years that the first Association for the Mentally Retarded was started John Dolan worked tirelessly for it and without receiving any kind of pay at all. At the same time he was also running the family farm at Girvin, so any holidays he had were the few hours he had of rest while on a plane or in a car travelling to and from meetings all over this country all the time.

25 In 1977 John Dolan was awarded an Honorary Degree, Doctor of Laws (I have included the article)

26. John Dolan received the Saskatchewan Jubilee Medal and the Governor General's Medal

27. John Dolan is the only person that I know of that the Queen of England came to "shake his hand" is what we were told she wanted to do. I don't think there is one street or one building named after anyone that the Queen came specifically to see.

John Dolan was born in Kazuabazua Quebec October 26, 1915

He and his family moved to Girvin Saskatchewan to homestead when he was 5 years old. When he was 6 years old his mother died from typhoid fever which she contracted while looking after John while he was fighting for his life in City Hospital. His older sister Ruth raised him and his brothers and sisters and the family continued to farm at Girvin. When John was in grade 6 he had to quit school to look after the farm because his older brother, Hank had a brain tumor and the family had to now focus on Hank's health. John never complained about not being able to go to high school or anything he just kept on keeping on. He married Lena Moulton, had two children and during WWII because he was colored blind and unable to enlist he moved his young family, Grace and Alf, ages 2 and 3, and his older sister Ruth, down to Fort William to work in the factories wiring planes and bombs for the war effort. After the war they moved back to the family farm and continued with life. When they thought they could not have any more children of their own, John and Lena went to Regina to see about adopting a little baby girl. They were told at the time that this little girl had had spinal meningitis and had had a temperature of 104 degrees for a number of days and as a result she was left with some "mental retardation". At the time no one understood what that meant or cared because all they knew is that they had a new little girl, Norma to look after and raise. Within a few years it became apparent that there were going to be challenges in helping Norma, learn how to walk, talk, dress herself, feed herself and then what about school? Well that was when John and Lena thought that there must be more parents like them that had children that they loved dearly, but that they had no idea how to help them learn and reach their full potential. They were hitting road blocks and being given all sorts of unsuitable advice, let alone being able to find any help when it came to education or schooling for children like Norma. So they put an ad in the paper asking for any other families that wanted to form a support group so they could work together for the betterment of their kids. Their attitude was "so there is no school that Norma can go to right now, so we will just build one" and "so the public education act doesn't look after kids like Norma, so we will just change it" That's how these first families thought and that is what they did. The old idea "If you build it they will come" was born here by my Mom and Dad. Forgot to add that 8 years after Norma came to live with John and Lena, they had two more children,, Dale and Ruth.

More important stuff: John had quit school in Grade 6. He was extremely shy but had to organize all these meetings with other parents and doctors and government people etc, so John took a Dale Carnegie course so he could learn public speaking. The part about winning people over and influencing others was just second nature to him. I don't think there were very many people that knew that he had no formal training or education. He just spoke from his heart all the time and never took credit for anything. He truly believed three things, 1. Never judge a man until you have walked a mile in his shoes. 2. You can do and say anything you want but the guy in the mirror will always know the truth and most important 3. Angels walk the earth all the time and because you don't know if you are looking in the face of an angel or not and because they have lunch every day with the guy that makes lightning bolts and He can get them to shoot them wherever He wants, you better treat everyone the same. Oh yeah, and the teapot is always on and you're always welcome, but if you don't like taking the chance you might have to sit beside a dog at the table, don't bother stopping by.

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Honorary Degrees

N.B.: The detail displayed about each honorary degree recipient varies, as the database was compiled from a variety of sources. However, more information may be available at the University Archives.

- Portrait of William John Dolan, 1977 (Photograph Collection, A-8932)

Name: William J. Dolan

Convocation date: October 15, 1977

Special Convocation: Jubilee Convocation, College of Education

Discipline / contribution: education ; community service

Citation / biographical information:

Mr. Vice-Chancellor, on behalf of the Council and Senate, I present to you William John Dolan. John would be the first to acknowledge that, in honouring him today, the University of

Canada and indeed throughout the world, who have given unsparingly of their time in the interests of their mentally retarded fellow citizens. In a sense, therefore, John Dolan stands here as their representative.

But John Dolan is also here very much in his own right. He has done more than most and he has been doing it longer. It is now a quarter of a century since he became actively involved in developing services for mentally retarded persons in this province. In 1955 he became the founder-President of the Saskatoon Parents' Council for Retarded Children and he was one of the charter members of the Saskatchewan Association for the Mentally Retarded and of the Canadian Association for the Mentally Retarded. Coming closer to the University of Saskatchewan, he was instrumental in negotiating the establishment of the Alvin Buckwold Centre, the biochemical laboratory and the genetics laboratory at University Hospital.

Within the University community we distinguish between "earned degrees" and "honorary" degrees. Earned degrees call for the passing of written examinations and the successful defense of dissertations before a committee of one's peers. Outstanding service to the community is recognized by a University through the award of the honorary degree.

To have spent a significant proportion of one's life in advocating, establishing and implementing the rights of Canadian citizens is an outstanding example of just such a service. John's is a thoroughly earned honorary degree.

Mr. Vice-chancellor, I present to you William John Dolan and ask that you will confer on him the degree of Doctor of Laws, honoris causa.

Degree received: Doctor of Laws

Degree presented by: John McLeod

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Original Submission - Skopik

From: Rabin Ramanjooloo <hybridfind@gmail.com>
Sent: Friday, September 25, 2015 12:19 PM
To: McLaren, Daniel (CY - Planning & Development)
Subject: Re: Naming Brochure

Follow Up Flag: Follow up
Flag Status: Flagged

Requestor:

Rabin Ramanjooloo
243 Chaparral Valley Terrace
Calgary AB
T2X 0L8
4034744464

Street, park or municipal facility name request

Reason for request: Recognition for the dedication of Dr Dennis Skopik, the creator and 1st director of the Canadian Light Source.

Requested name: Dennis Skopik

My father-in-law Dr. Dennis Skopik was born in 1942 in Ohio. While earning a post-doctorate, he was recognised publically by the renown Edward Teller for his brilliance in physics. Despite the opportunities in America, Dennis came to Saskatoon in 1970, captivated by the established linear accelerator in the Canadian prairies. Here, he began his tenure as a physics professor at the University of Saskatchewan and worked at the Linear Accelerator laboratory. With photo-nuclear physics his bailiwick, he rose to become the director, guiding the success of the lab for many years. Dennis' pride in the ability and achievements of lab were highlighted when he proposed that the U of S enter the world stage as a bastion of technology with the creation of the Canadian Light Source. This would be the first synchrotron reactor in Canada. However, this honour would not go unchallenged as fierce competition arose from the University of Western Ontario. I saw my father Dennis, selflessly devote countless hours in meetings and flights to Ottawa to position and champion the U of S and Saskatoon as the best site for this avant- garde and important technology for Canada. The challenge was great as Saskatchewan is often overlooked, for the weight which Ontario bears. Against overwhelming odds, Dennis fought unrelentlessly and the warrants and virtues of the U of S and Saskatchewan were recognized. Dr Dennis Skopik brought high technology to Saskatchewan. The U of S is now recognised as a world-class synchrotron research facility and physics reference.

Saskatchewan, with its resources and people, is the crown of Canada. As the singular Canadian site for synchrotron research, the CLS is a jewel in that crown.

Please help me to recognise the achievements and devotion of my father-in-law Dr. Dennis Skopik, by giving his name to a street, in the city he loves.

Thank you for your consideration.

University Archives & Special Collections

Honorary Degrees

N.B.: The detail displayed about each honorary degree recipient varies, as the database was compiled from a variety of sources. However, more information [may be available at the University Archives](#).

Name: Dennis Skopik, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D.

Convocation date: June 2, 2010

Discipline / contribution: nuclear physics ; university administration

Citation / biographical information:

As a professor and scientist at the University of Saskatchewan, and now at the Jefferson National Laboratory in Newport News, Virginia, Professor Skopik has made major contributions to the science of nuclear physics. Of particular significance and impact to the University, city, province and nation, Dr. Skopik also led the team that established the Canadian Light Source synchrotron at the University of Saskatchewan.

Dennis Skopik earned his B.Sc. at Defiance College (Physics and Mathematics), a M.Sc. from the College of William and Mary, and his Ph.D. in Nuclear Physics from the American University.

Dr. Skopik came to the University of Saskatchewan in 1970 to work with Dr. Leon Katz at the Saskatchewan Accelerator Laboratory. He was appointed as an Assistant Professor in the Department of Physics and promoted through the professorial ranks to become a full professor in 1979 when only 37 years old. He later became the Director of the Saskatchewan Accelerator Laboratory (SAL) and served in that capacity until 1999.

Through Professor Skopik's leadership, staff at the Saskatchewan Accelerator Laboratory provided the initial design for a Canadian synchrotron facility. Based on this design the Natural Sciences and Engineering Council of Canada (NSERC) conducted a national competition to determine the optimal site for such a facility. Dennis then directed the University of Saskatchewan team that prepared an application. Throughout this competition, and subsequent to the award of the synchrotron project to the

University of Saskatchewan, Dennis Skopik provided the leadership which resulted in the recruitment of federal, provincial, municipal and private sector funding in a partnership hitherto unknown in the scientific world and culminating in a decision by provincial and federal authorities to proceed with constructing the Canadian Light Source.

Dennis has been a supervisor and mentor to 12 graduate students, several who went on to doctoral or post-doctoral work at MIT. His peers elected him as a Fellow of the American Physics Society in recognition of his contributions to nuclear physics. He has served as a member of numerous committees, societies and Boards, including: Chairman, Division of Nuclear Physics, Canadian Association of Physicists; Executive Committee Member, Canadian Institute for Nuclear Physics; Member of the Program Advisory Committee for MIT's Bates Linear Accelerator Center; and Member of the Nuclear Physics Review Panel for the Department of Energy, Washington, D.C. His advice is widely sought by numerous physics laboratories and organizations throughout the world.

Dr. Skopik is currently the Deputy Associate Director for the Physics Division at the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator facility in Newport News, Virginia.

Degree received: Doctor of Science

Degree presented by: Richard Florizone, Vice-President Finance & Resources

Original Submission - Zimmer

September 4, 2015

Regarding the submission for Wayne Zimmer

Wayne was born December 6, 1941 in Kuroki, Sk. He attended grade school there and then went to St. Peter's college in Muenster for high school. He attended the University of Saskatchewan where he obtained a degree in Arts and Science with majors in philosophy and history. He was married to Barbara in 1968 and in that same year he ran for Federal Politics for the Mckenzie-riding seat but lost to Stan Korchinski. He went to work for the Department of Youth and Culture for the Government of Saskathcewan for 4 years then went to work for the department of Social Services and then around 1972 he went to work for CORE services (which his friend John Dolan started) Wayne was in charge of covering the area from the North Saskatchewan River to the South Saskatchewan River all the way to the Alberta border. He obviously did a lot of travelling and met many people along his routes. The mission of CORE was to implement and deliver services to all those folks within regions who had various levels and kinds of handicaps or disabilities, as were the terms of the day. This meant was not limited to, identifying, strategizing and implementing housing, employment, education, health, transportation and accessibility programs for all those who fell under the purview of CORE. You can understand that in order for CORE to fulfill their mandate meant that National Building Codes, labour laws and employment standards, public and separate education systems, including the buildings, the teachers and the training of the teachers, and then the whole health care system and delivery of services had to be studied and changed if necessary, The scope of such a task would seem insurmountable to most but not to Wayne and those he interacted with on a daily basis. They had some mountains to move, so let's get digging.

Around this same time there was another group called the Saskatchewan Association of Rehabilitation Centers or SARC. To this point they had functioned as sheltered workshops across the province where folks went to everyday and were provided different levels of employment that were designed specifically to fit the abilities of the folks that were doing them. For example at Cosmo they made the paper and plastic flowers that hundreds of folks used for weddings and at SCCC&A they made various kinds of wooden furniture and other small items. Most of the folks that attended these workshops had varied and sometimes many physical and mental limitations due to disease and or injury. SCCC&A was the only place for many years where anyone regardless of mental ability could work after being involved and injured in a serious car accident for example. As a result Wayne was one of those that recognized that there were many folks attended these sheltered workshops that wanted and expected more from life and more for themselves. So it was that Wayne and John Dolan and Howie Stensrud and Eric Antonni decided to do something more and see about raising money in order to set up another association or support system that would generate real money, real employment for folks that up to this point only had the option of working in a "sheltered situation" So SARCAN was born. In two months Wayne had raised the money through various government and private funding sources, a building was rented and staff hired. SARCAN became the only one of its kind in the world, where it is set

up to be ran and employed by those considered "disabled" in all other respects. Look at what has developed from there, they went from collecting glass to expanding it to paper recycling to where the whole idea of recycling has become so front of mind that the City itself has taken it over along with some partners. It all began with these guys' one idea, of meaningful employment for some who felt they had no meaning, no say in their world. It goes without saying that there many kinds and levels of health care, other professionals and counsellors involved, that had to be met with and satisfied along the way in order that this previously unheard of venture would be successful and satisfying for all involved.

As a result of the work that Wayne did with being instrumental in establishing the world's first SARCAN here he, through the many contacts he developed selling the glass to Europe and the US etc., was asked to come speak throughout Canada, United States, Europe and even the United Nations asked for his help in Africa in developing services for the ability challenged.. So began his life as a private consultant. Wayne has given advice to many health care systems and agencies and even to governments in setting up and delivering services in countries all over the world. I remember him cancelling a lunch with me, just because he had been invited to go a Presidential Inaugural Ball! Wayne has worked hard all his life to make the lives of others better. World established ideas that are working around the globe that began right here. We owe it to him that others should see his name on a street sign or building and want to get to know the man behind the name.

the PROCESS

General Name Request

Suggestion
Submit Application Form to Planning & Development Branch to request that a name be added to the Names Master list.

Screening
Naming Advisory Committee reviews naming request in accordance with Council guidelines.

Recommendations
Naming Advisory Committee recommends to City Council the support or non-support for adding the name to the Names Master List.

Approval
City Council approves or rejects adding name to the Names Master list.

Requests
Requests to assign a name from the Names Master List are made to Planning & Development Branch by Developers, Land Branch, or other Civic Departments.

Selection
Requests to assign a name from the Names Master List are forwarded to the Mayor's Office who selects a name from the Names Master List.

Notification
The Mayor notifies applicant and affected others that the name has been selected for use.

Specific Naming Request

Screening
Naming Advisory Committee reviews naming request in accordance with Council guidelines.

Recommendations
Naming Advisory Committee recommends to City Council the support or non-support for the naming request.

Approval
City Council approves or rejects naming request.

Notification
The Mayor notifies applicant and affected others of City Council's decision.

Re-Naming Request

Consult
The applicant is required to consult property owners affected by the proposed re-naming. Please contact the Planning & Development Branch to determine the consultation requirements.

Suggestion
Submit Application Form to Planning & Development Branch to re-name a specific municipally-owned property. Include written comments from affected property owners.

Comments
Planning & Development Branch contacts affected civic departments, community associations, property owners, etc. to gather comments and estimate cost.

Screening
Naming Advisory Committee reviews re-naming request in accordance with Council guidelines.

Recommendations
Naming Advisory Committee recommends to City Council the support or non-support for the re-naming request.

Approval
City Council approves or rejects re-naming request.

Notification
The Mayor notifies applicant and affected others of City Council's decision.

APPLICATION FORM To Name Streets, Parks & Civic Properties

Please complete the attached application form for all new name submissions and requests for re-naming a street, park, or other civic properties.

Name: Mrs. Dale Dodman

Address: Roxley St 318 RR # 3

City/Town: SASKATOON Province: SK Postal Code: S7K 3S6

Phone: 306-39-5391 Email: addman@gnex.ca

New Name Submission Re-naming Request

Requested Name(s) (please print)

Wayne Zimmer

Requested Use of Name

- Street Park Municipal Facility
 Neighbourhood Other Any of the Above
 Suburban Development Area

If this is a request for re-naming an existing location, please indicate the current name:

PLEASE INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION AS PART OF YOUR APPLICATION
(Indicate which items are attached to the application form.)

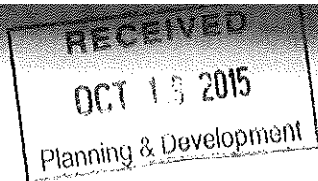
1. Background Information (reason for request)
2. Short Biography (Given name, date of birth/death, place of birth, contributions, awards, achievements, or other relevant information)

Do you wish to speak to the Naming Advisory Committee? YES NO

Please send the completed application form to:

City of Saskatoon Naming Advisory Committee
 Community Services Department, Planning & Development Branch
 222-3rd Avenue North
 Saskatoon, SK
 S7K 0J5





APPLICATION FORM

To Name Streets, Parks & Civic Properties

Please complete the attached application form for all new name submissions and requests for re-naming a street, park, or other civic properties.

Name: PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

Address: 222 - 3rd AVENUE NORTH

City/Town: SASKATOON Province: SK Postal Code: S7K 0J5

Phone: 306-975-7642 E-mail: ellen.pearson@saskatoon.ca

New Name Submission

Re-naming Request

Requested Name(s) (please print)

ANNE SZUMIGALSKI

Requested Use of Name

Street

Park

Municipal Facility

Neighbourhood

Other

Any of the Above

Suburban Development Areas

If this is a request for renaming an existing location, please indicate the current name:

INDUSTRIAL PARK

PLEASE INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION AS PART OF YOUR APPLICATION

(Indicate which items are attached to the application form)

1. Background Information (Reason for request)
2. Short Biography (Given name, date of birth/death, place of birth, contributions, awards, achievements, or other relevant information)

Do you wish to speak to the Naming Advisory Committee?

YES

NO

Please send the completed application form to:

City of Saskatoon Naming Advisory Committee
Community Services Department, Planning and Development Branch
222-3rd Avenue North
Saskatoon, SK
S7K 0J5

Anne Szumigalski

(January 3, 1922 – April 22, 1999)



Photo: Anne Szumigalski Collection Biography, University of Saskatchewan. <http://library2.usask.ca/szumigalski/about>

Anne Szumigalski (née Davis) was born in London, England, on January 3, 1922, the third child of a large family. She grew up in a village in Hampshire, and was educated privately. Between 1939 and 1944 she worked as a nursing assistant and interpreter at a hospital for Belgian refugees and travelled into Holland and Germany with the British Red Cross. When the war was over, she joined the military government in Germany as a welfare officer and interpreter for prisoners-of-war and displaced persons. In 1946 she married Jan Szumigalski, a former prisoner-of-war who had served as an officer in the Polish Army. They had four children: Kate (born 1946), Elizabeth (1947), Tony (1961) and Mark (1963).

Between 1948 and 1950 Anne lived with her new family on a farm in north Wales. They immigrated to Canada in 1951, living first in Saskatoon, then in small towns in the Big Muddy Valley of southern

Saskatchewan, and finally (from 1956 on) back in Saskatoon. Anne resided in her house at 9 Connaught Place in the Mayfair area for 43 years.

Anne was best-known for her poetry and wrote 15 books in total; her work appeared in more than 30 anthologies during her lifetime. Her first published poems appeared in Canadian magazines in the early 1960s. Later in that decade, she began to gather a group of like-minded poets who would meet and discuss their work, often in her home.

She was a founder of the Saskatchewan Writers' Guild, Saskatchewan Writers and Artists Colonies, AKA Gallery, and the Saskatoon Moving Collective, a dance group. For more than a decade, she taught poetry-writing at the Saskatchewan Summer School of the Arts, and was the first writer-in-residence at the Saskatoon Public Library as well as a writer-in-residence at the Winnipeg Public Library. In 1988 she was named Woman of the Year by the Saskatoon YWCA; in 1989 she received the Saskatchewan Order of Merit; and in 1990 she won the Saskatchewan Arts Board Award for lifetime excellence in the arts. She received life memberships from the League of Canadian Poets and ACTRA (Alliance of Canadian Cinema, Television and Radio Artists), and was given a Canada 125 medal in 1993.

She was nominated three times for the Governor-General's Award, a prize she won in 1995 for her collection *Voice*. She also received two Writers' Choice Awards, and was twice a silver medalist at the National Magazine Awards. Anne helped to found the literary journal *Grain* in 1972, and was an editor there for nine years. She later served as poetry editor of *NeWest*

Review, and she edited or co-edited about 20 books. Anne also enjoyed performing and did so often, providing voice, acting, and dancing for various performances. Anne passed away in Saskatoon from complications due to cancer on April 22, 1999.

Mayfair & Kelsey-Woodlawn Local Area Plan

Local Area Planning is a community-based approach to developing comprehensive neighbourhood plans. It enables residents, business owners, property owners, community groups, and other stakeholders direct input into determining the future of their community. The Local Area Plan (LAP) program is administered by the Neighbourhood Planning Section, Planning and Development Division. Once completed, a LAP establishes the vision and sets goals to guide the growth and development of a neighbourhood. It also identifies specific recommendations for improvements in a neighbourhood over the long-term. The Mayfair & Kelsey-Woodlawn LAP began in December 2012, and was approved by City Council in June 2015.

One of the recommendations to come out of the Mayfair & Kelsey-Woodlawn LAP is to rename Industrial Park in the Kelsey-Woodlawn neighbourhood. Industrial Park is classified as a District park, which is intended to serve four or five neighbourhoods, with facilities and structures to support city-wide sports programs. The LAP Committee feels that the name 'Industrial Park' is uninviting and confusing – the name can be mistaken for an actual business or industrial park, especially since the softball diamonds are used by residents from across the city. As such, the LAP Committee feels that the park should be renamed after Saskatchewan poet Anne Szumigalski, who lived in Connaught Place directly to the south of the park. Due to the future redevelopment plans for the culs-de-sac along Idylwyld Drive, where Connaught Place is located, the LAP Committee feels the most appropriate way to honour Ms. Szumigalski would be to rename Industrial Park in her honour.

The full LAP recommendation is:

5.6 – RENAMING OF INDUSTRIAL PARK: That the Community Services Department, Neighbourhood Planning Section, bring forward a recommendation to the Naming Advisory Committee to screen and add Anne Szumigalski to the Names Master List, and request that Industrial Park be renamed to Szumigalski Park, in honour of Anne Szumigalski, who became a renowned poet and formerly lived on Connaught Place directly south of the park.

A letter from the Mayfair & Kelsey-Woodlawn LAP Committee and the local Community Association supporting this recommendation has been submitted with this application.



**HUDSON BAY PARK – MAYFAIR – KELSEY
WOODLAWN COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION**

To Whom It May Concern,

We, as the Community Association representing the neighbourhood containing Industrial Park, support the renaming of the park to Szumigalski Park. A resolution was passed at our September 2015 Annual General Meeting in support of this change.

Anne Szumigalski lived on Connaught Place just south of the park, and it would be lovely to recognize her contribution to poetry with the naming of a park. Additionally "Industrial Park" carries no particular meaning and does nothing to enhance pride in the area. Celebrating a poet is much more inspiring.

Regards,

Anna Cole, President

Szumigalski Family Contact:

Tony Szumigalski

- Son of Anne Szumigalski
- Currently in Manitoba
- Can be reached at (204) 663-1642 or (204) 250-9584

North Sector Specific Naming Request - Options

“Ballast Industrial” – Parcels of land north of Saskatoon are popular for gravel extraction. Aggregates such as sand, gravel, and crushed stone are the most extracted minerals in the world and Saskatchewan’s third most produced mineral, behind potash and uranium. Ballast is a type of gravel that is produced and is used to construct rail corridor foundations and holds the wooden railway cross ties in place, which in turn holds the rails in place.

“Bearpaw Industrial” – The Bearpaw formation holds geological significance in the area. The Bearpaw formation is a late Cretaceous marine deposit and is the predominant formation exposed in the South Saskatchewan River Valley. It is largely marine shales and interbedded sands. Invertebrates and vertebrates have both been recovered from these deposits throughout Saskatchewan.

“Brownell Industrial” - The Brownell community existed in the area south of this sector around the corner of Miners Avenue and 60th Street East. The community included a homestead and school, which burned down during a blizzard in 1931. The Saskatoon Public School Board has used the name for one of their elementary schools in the Silverwood Heights neighbourhood.

“Markham Industrial” – Markham represents the agricultural history of the area. Markham is a late 19th century variety of wheat, a cross between Red Fife and Hard Red Calcutta. The superior strain selected from Markham, due to its earliness and strength, was named Marquis. Marquis was used to name the latest industrial area in the North-West Industrial District.

“Northern Gateway Industrial” – The name references the geographical area and is the entrance to Saskatoon from the growing municipalities to the north.

“Riel Industrial” – Highway 11, which bisects this Sector, connects major sites of the 1885 North-West Rebellion. Highway 11, which was given the commemorative designation Louis Riel Trail by the Provincial Government, is the actual course followed by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and Louis Riel to arrive at Regina for the trial of Louis Riel. Riel Industrial would further recognize the significance of Louis Riel and the Saskatchewan Métis Nation in the history of Saskatchewan.