## 2023 Annual <br> Rainfall Report

## Monitoring and Modeling



Saskatoon Water
Utilities and Environment Division

City of
Saskatoon

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following report provides a summary of Saskatoon's 2023 rainfall season (April to September) and a comparison with historical rainfall. Highlights of the report include the following:

- In 2023, 213 mm of rainfall accumulated, which was less than the historical average of 263 mm and the $33^{\text {rd }}$ lowest seasonal rainfall total out of 124 years since 1900.
- On average, least 1 mm of rainfall occurred on $15 \%$ of days in 2023.
- Based on the weighted average, 29 mm was the largest amount of rainfall to accumulate in a single day.
- Saskatoon had a normal spring in 2023. The average rainfall between April and June since 1900 is 126 mm . Saskatoon received 113 mm which falls in the $47^{\text {th }}$ percentile for this time period.
- Saskatoon had a dry summer in 2023. The average rainfall between July and September since 1900 is 136 mm . Saskatoon received 101 mm which falls in the $24^{\text {th }}$ percentile for this time period.
- At one or more of the eight rain gauges, a 2-5 year rain event occurred on May 24, June 3, June 18, and June 30, 2023.


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## INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of the 2023 rainfall season in Saskatoon and a comparison of this rainfall data with historical rainfall data. Within the scope of this report, a rainfall season is defined as the time period between April $1^{\text {st }}$ and September $30^{\text {th }}$. Data between 1900 and 2011 was obtained from the Environment Canada rain gauge while 2012 to 2022 data was obtained from eight City of Saskatoon rain gauges. On August 1, 2023, three more rain gauges were added to the City of Saskatoon network for a total of 11. The name, location, approximate area, and total seasonal rainfall of each rain gauge is shown below.

*Data collected August 1 to September 30, 2023

Figure 1: Overview of rain gauges.

## SUMMARY OF RAINFALL IN 2023

A daily weighted average for all City of Saskatoon rain gauges was calculated to determine the average daily rainfall for Saskatoon. The following graph depicts the average daily rainfall that occurred in Saskatoon throughout the 2023 rainfall season.


Figure 2: 2023 daily rainfall.
Based on the weighted average, the largest amount of rainfall occurred on May $24^{\text {th }}, 2023$ with a total of 29 mm . This rainfall accounted for approximately $14 \%$ of the total rainfall that occurred in 2023.

Table 1 presents the percentage of days with total rainfall greater than or equal to 0.2 mm , $1 \mathrm{~mm}, 5 \mathrm{~mm}, 10 \mathrm{~mm}$, and 25 mm at each rain gauge.

Table 1: Total daily rainfall percent occurrence.

| Location | $\geq \mathbf{0 . 2} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | $\geq \mathbf{1} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | $\geq \mathbf{5} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | $\geq \mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | $\geq \mathbf{2 5} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acadia Reservoir | $28 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Attridge Fire Hall | $27 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Aden Bowman | $22 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| City Hall | $25 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Light and Power | $27 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Shaw Centre | $25 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| WWTP | $28 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Woodlawn | $26 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Field House* | $20 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Parks Ave P* | $23 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| WTP* | $23 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Average | $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |

*Data collected from August 1 to September 30, 2023
On average, least 1 mm of rainfall occurred on $15 \%$ of days in 2023.

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## SUMMARY OF RAINFALL IN 2023

The daily weighted average rainfall was added together to calculate the total seasonal rainfall. The total seasonal rainfall for 2023 was 213 mm . Figure 3 depicts the accumulation of rainfall throughout the 2023 season.


Figure 3: 2023 rainfall accumulation.
The 2023 rainfall season began with a normal spring (May to June) accumulating a total of 113 mm compared to the average spring accumulation of 126 mm . This was followed by a dry summer (July to September) which accumulated 100 mm and was the $30^{\text {th }}$ lowest summer rainfall out of 124 years since 1900.

## HISTORICAL COMPARISON

The average seasonal rainfall from 1900 to 2023 in Saskatoon is 263 mm which is depicted by the light blue line in Figure 4. The 2023 seasonal rainfall of 213 mm was below average and the $33^{\text {rd }}$ lowest rainfall out of 124 years since 1900 .

The lowest seasonal rainfall occurred in 2001 with 131 mm and the highest seasonal rainfall occurred in 2010 with 569 mm . A table containing the seasonal rainfalls from 1900 to 2023 is shown in Appendix A.


Figure 4: Seasonal rainfall (1900-2023).

## HISTORICAL COMPARISON

The following graph provides a comparison of the maximum amount of rainfall to occur in a single day in each season. The average maximum rainfall in a single day in a season is 36 mm from the years 1900 to 2023 and is represented by the light blue line in Figure 5. During the 2023 rainfall season, the maximum rainfall to occur within a single day was 29 mm , which was on May $24^{\text {th }}$.


Figure 5: Maximum daily rainfall.
As can be seen in the graph above, the lowest maximum daily rainfall occurred on July $19^{\text {th }}$, 1987, with a total of 15 mm and the highest occurred on June $24^{\text {th }}, 1983$ with a total of 97 mm .

## CLASSIFYING RAIN EVENTS

Rain events in Saskatoon are often localized. Therefore, a rain event may only occur at a few of the eight rain gauges located throughout the city. In order to compare the severity of rain events, their return period must be determined. A return period provides an indication of the likelihood of an event. For example, a rain event with a return period of 2 years has a $50 \%$ chance of occurring in any given year. For comparison, a rain event with a return period of 100 years has a $1 \%$ chance of occurring in any given year. The following table provides a summary of the criteria used to determine the return period of each rain event.

Table 2: Criteria for determining return period of a rain event.

| Time <br> (minutes) | Intensity (mm/hr) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 - Y e a r}$ | $\mathbf{5 - Y e a r}$ | $\mathbf{2 5}$-Year | $\mathbf{1 0 0 - Y e a r}$ |
| 15 | 53 | 85 | 132 | 168 |
| 30 | 41 | 67 | 104 | 133 |
| 60 | 26.4 | 46.1 | 74 | 97 |
| 120 | 16.6 | 28.9 | 46.5 | 60 |
| 360 | 10.7 | 17.5 | 27.3 | 35 |
| 720 | 4.7 | 7.0 | 10.3 | 12.9 |
| 1440 | 2.73 | 3.90 | 5.59 | 6.91 |

For the purposes of this report, two different methods were utilized to determine the number of rain events with a return period of $2,5,25$, or 100 years between 2012 and 2023. It should be noted that within this report, rain events with the same return period may include any of the durations as outlined in Table 2. The first method determined the average number of rain events for each return period by adding together the number of events in a season with the same return period at each of the city's rain gauges and dividing that number by the total number of rain gauges. The following table provides a summary of these values. A detailed table showing return periods recorded at each rain gauge is provided in Appendix $B$.

Table 3: Average frequency of rain events.

|  | Return Period | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average | $2-5$ Year | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 20 |
|  | $5-25$ Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  | $25-100$ Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | $>100$ Years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |  |

## CLASSIFYING RAIN EVENTS

In Table 4, the rain events were tallied using the same method as Table 3, except only rain events with a duration of 1 hour or greater were counted.

Table 4: Average frequency of rain events greater than or equal to 1 hour duration.

|  | Return Period | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average | $2-5$ Year | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 13 |
|  | $5-25$ Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | $25-100$ Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | $>100$ Years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |

The second method determined the number of days per year that a major rain event occurred at one or more rain gauges. If the rain gauges throughout the City recorded varying return periods on a given day, the maximum return period was counted as the rain event for that day. The following table provides the number of days per year that a major rain event occurred at one or more rain gauges.

Table 5: Overall frequency of rain events.

|  | Return Period | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overall | $2-5$ Year | 8 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 43 |
|  | $5-25$ Year | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
|  | $25-100$ Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  | $>100$ Years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5 2}$ |  |

In Table 6, the days per year were tallied using the same method as Table 5, except only days with a rain event of 1 hour duration or greater were counted.

Table 6: Overall frequency of rain events greater than or equal to 1 hour duration.

|  | Return Period | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overall | $2-5$ Year | 6 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 27 |
|  | $5-25$ Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | $25-100$ Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  | $>100$ Years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ |

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## CONCLUSION

Overall, the 2023 rainfall season was moderately dry compared to the historical seasonal average. In 2023, four rain events occurred with a maximum return period of $2-5$ years. Based on a weighted average, the most rainfall to occur within a single day was 29 mm , which was on May 24 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2023$.

## APPENDICES

## Appendix A - Total Seasonal Rainfall (1900-2023)

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## APPENDIX A

| Year | Rain (mm) | Rank | Year | Rain (mm) | Rank | Year | Rain (mm) | Rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900 | 259 | 58 | 1942 | 385 | 8 | 1984 | 197 | 106 |
| 1901 | 308 | 27 | 1943 | 193 | 109 | 1985 | 275 | 44 |
| 1902 | 270 | 48 | 1944 | 284 | 37 | 1986 | 308 | 28 |
| 1903 | 379 | 10 | 1945 | 300 | 31 | 1987 | 167 | 116 |
| 1904 | 344 | 20 | 1946 | 252 | 65 | 1988 | 211 | 93 |
| 1905 | 236 | 75 | 1947 | 256 | 62 | 1989 | 268 | 50 |
| 1906 | 260 | 56 | 1948 | 155 | 120 | 1990 | 200 | 104 |
| 1907 | 205 | 97 | 1949 | 263 | 52 | 1991 | 358 | 16 |
| 1908 | 262 | 53 | 1950 | 300 | 32 | 1992 | 234 | 77 |
| 1909 | 286 | 35 | 1951 | 224 | 83 | 1993 | 306 | 29 |
| 1910 | 234 | 78 | 1952 | 161 | 118 | 1994 | 285 | 36 |
| 1911 | 371 | 12 | 1953 | 218 | 88 | 1995 | 248 | 68 |
| 1912 | 375 | 11 | 1954 | 387 | 7 | 1996 | 362 | 14 |
| 1913 | 266 | 51 | 1955 | 268 | 49 | 1997 | 244 | 70 |
| 1914 | 168 | 114 | 1956 | 167 | 115 | 1998 | 187 | 111 |
| 1915 | 200 | 105 | 1957 | 208 | 95 | 1999 | 332 | 23 |
| 1916 | 329 | 25 | 1958 | 209 | 94 | 2000 | 259 | 57 |
| 1917 | 216 | 91 | 1959 | 241 | 73 | 2001 | 131 | 124 |
| 1918 | 253 | 64 | 1960 | 176 | 113 | 2002 | 262 | 54 |
| 1919 | 223 | 84 | 1961 | 221 | 86 | 2003 | 185 | 112 |
| 1920 | 243 | 71 | 1962 | 229 | 81 | 2004 | 288 | 34 |
| 1921 | 389 | 6 | 1963 | 317 | 26 | 2005 | 385 | 9 |
| 1922 | 246 | 69 | 1964 | 201 | 103 | 2006 | 366 | 13 |
| 1923 | 420 | 2 | 1965 | 236 | 76 | 2007 | 354 | 17 |
| 1924 | 141 | 122 | 1966 | 280 | 40 | 2008 | 217 | 90 |
| 1925 | 303 | 30 | 1967 | 187 | 110 | 2009 | 284 | 38 |
| 1926 | 270 | 47 | 1968 | 360 | 15 | 2010 | 569 | 1 |
| 1927 | 391 | 5 | 1969 | 229 | 80 | 2011 | 218 | 89 |
| 1928 | 343 | 21 | 1970 | 261 | 55 | 2012 | 401 | 3 |
| 1929 | 201 | 102 | 1971 | 279 | 42 | 2013 | 202 | 101 |
| 1930 | 252 | 66 | 1972 | 203 | 98 | 2014 | 391 | 4 |
| 1931 | 254 | 63 | 1973 | 298 | 33 | 2015 | 272 | 45 |
| 1932 | 241 | 72 | 1974 | 330 | 24 | 2016 | 283 | 39 |
| 1933 | 203 | 99 | 1975 | 271 | 46 | 2017 | 230 | 79 |
| 1934 | 249 | 67 | 1976 | 220 | 87 | 2018 | 206 | 96 |
| 1935 | 336 | 22 | 1977 | 279 | 41 | 2019 | 258 | 59 |
| 1936 | 166 | 117 | 1978 | 256 | 61 | 2020 | 257 | 60 |
| 1937 | 157 | 119 | 1979 | 226 | 82 | 2021 | 146 | 121 |
| 1938 | 239 | 74 | 1980 | 194 | 108 | 2022 | 203 | 100 |
| 1939 | 275 | 43 | 1981 | 222 | 85 | 2023 | 213 | 92 |
| 1940 | 196 | 107 | 1982 | 352 | 18 |  |  |  |
| 1941 | 139 | 123 | 1983 | 349 | 19 |  |  |  |

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APPENDICES

## Appendix B - Return Period of Rain Events by Rain Gauge

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## APPENDIX B

|  | Return Period | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Waste <br> Water Treatment Plant | 2-5 Year | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 18 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 4 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 21 |
| Woodlawn | 2-5 Year | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 22 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 24 |
| Shaw <br> Centre | 2-5 Year | 5 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 25 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 5 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 26 |
| Nicholson Yards | 2-5 Year | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | Total | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| Light and Power | 2-5 Year | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |  | 2 | 2 | 0 | 19 |
| City Hall | 2-5 Year | 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 25 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 5 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 28 |
| Attridge <br> Fire Hall | 2-5 Year | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | 0 | 2 | 1 | 9 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | 0 | 2 | 1 | 10 |
| Aden Bowman | 2-5 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | 5-25 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | 25-100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | > 100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Acadia Reservoir | 2-5 Year | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 21 |
|  | 5-25 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
|  | 25-100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 25 |

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|  | Return Period | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Field House* | 2-5 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $0^{*}$ | 0 |
|  | 5-25 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | 25-100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
| Parks Ave P* | 2-5 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | 5-25 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | 25-100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 * | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
| WTP* | 2-5 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | 5-25 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 * | 0 |
|  | 25-100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | > 100 Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0* | 0 |

* Data collected from August 1 to September 30, 2023

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