

Bylaw No. 8191

The Election Bylaw, 2012

**Codified to Bylaw No. 9992
(May 29, 2024)**

Bylaw No. 8191

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Bylaw No. 8191

The Election Bylaw, 2012

The Council of The City of Saskatoon enacts:

Part I – General

Short Title

1. This Bylaw may be cited as *The Election Bylaw, 2012*.

Purpose

2. The purpose of this Bylaw is to establish election procedures, including procedures for voting, both in person and by mail-in ballot and the counting of votes, including by an automated vote counting system.

Bylaw No. 7677 Repealed

3. Bylaw No. 7677, being *The Automated Vote Counting Bylaw, 1997*, is repealed.

Definitions

4. (1) In this Bylaw:
 - (a) **“Act”** means *The Local Government Election Act, 2015*;
 - (b) **“automated vote counting system”** means a system that:
 - (i) counts and records votes;
 - (ii) processes and stores election results; and
 - (iii) is comprised of:
 - (A) vote tabulating units that rest on a two-compartment ballot box, one compartment of which is for voted

ballots and the other, an emergency ballot compartment; and

- (B) a number of portable ballot boxes into which voted ballots are deposited for counting by a vote tabulating unit after the close of voting on election day;
- (c) **“ballot”** means a ballot paper or form designed for use in an automated vote counting system;
- (d) **“deputy returning officer”** means a deputy returning officer appointed pursuant to section 48 of the Act, and includes an issuing deputy returning officer, a receiving deputy returning officer and a supervising deputy returning officer;
- (e) **“election official”** includes a returning officer, deputy returning officer, poll clerk and any other person appointed pursuant to section 48, 49 or 54 of the Act;
- (f) **“emergency ballot compartment”** means an emergency ballot compartment of a two-compartment ballot box into which voted ballots are temporarily deposited during any period that a vote tabulating unit is not functioning;
- (g) **“issuing deputy returning officer”** means the deputy returning officer who from time to time, and among other duties, administers the voter registration and declaration process and provides voters with a ballot;
- (h) **“memory device”** means a preprogrammed device used to store electronic information necessary to conduct an election, that:
 - (i) plugs into a vote tabulating unit; and
 - (ii) serves as a mechanism to record and retain the information set out on the register tape;
- (i) **“mobile poll”** means the taking of votes by attendance of election officials at a voter’s residence in accordance with this Bylaw and section 30 of the Act;
- (j) **“over-voted ballot”** means a ballot on which a voter made more votes than the voter is entitled to make;
- (k) **“poll book”** means a book, in the form and manner determined by the returning officer, that contains a list of voters, a register of voters

who have cast their vote and information relating to ballots, objections and affidavits;

- (l) **“receiving deputy returning officer”** means the deputy returning officer who from time to time, and among other duties, receives a voted ballot from a voter and inserts the ballot into a vote tabulating unit;
- (m) **“register tape”** means the printed record generated from a vote tabulating unit at the close of voting on election day that shows:
 - (i) the total number of ballots received;
 - (ii) the number of ballots on which no vote is marked;
 - (iii) the number of over-voted ballots;
 - (iv) the number of votes for each candidate; and
 - (v) if there is a vote on a bylaw, resolution or question, the number of votes for and against each bylaw, resolution or question;
- (n) **“rejected”** means, in respect to a ballot, a ballot that is not counted in an election:
 - (i) for any reason mentioned in section 129 of the Act; or
 - (ii) in the case of mail-in ballots, for any reason within the discretion of the deputy returning officer or other designated election official, including due to missing or incorrect information on voter declaration certificates;
- (o) **“returning officer”** means a person specified or appointed as a returning officer pursuant to section 47 of the Act;
- (p) **“secrecy sleeve”** means an open-ended folder or envelope used to cover ballots to conceal any marks made by the voter on the ballot;
- (q) **“special poll”** means a polling place in a hospital, personal care facility or similar institution established in accordance with section 29 of the Act;
- (r) **“supervising deputy returning officer”** means the deputy returning officer who from time to time, and among other duties, supervises the poll clerk, issuing deputy returning officer and

receiving deputy returning officer and is responsible for the conduct of all matters in a polling place;

- (s) **“vote tabulating unit”** means an optical scanning device or other voting machine into which ballots are inserted that scans each ballot and records the number of votes:
 - (i) for each candidate;
 - (ii) for and against any bylaw or resolution; or
 - (iii) in the affirmative or negative respecting any question.

- (2) Unless otherwise defined in this Bylaw, definitions in the Act and *The Local Government Election Regulations, 2015* apply, with any necessary modification, to the interpretation of this Bylaw.

Election Procedure Generally

- 4.1 (1) This Bylaw is intended to complement the Act and to modify the Act only to the extent that the Act specifically authorizes the same.
- (2) In the event of an inconsistency between this Bylaw and the Act that is not specifically authorized by the Act, the Act prevails.

Accommodating Voters With Disabilities

- 4.2 Voters with disabilities are accommodated through the use of voter-assist terminals deployed to select poll locations on advance poll days and election day, mobile polls, special polls, the mail-in ballot system and the procedures set out in section 123 of the Act.

Part II – Returning Officer

Appointment of Returning Officer

- 4.3 (1) Council may appoint a person other than the City Clerk as the returning officer for an election.
- (2) The returning officer is authorized to further delegate the returning officer's powers, functions and responsibilities in an election to other election officials.

Part III – Election Database, Vote Counting System and Memory Devices

Authorization

5. Council authorizes the use of an automated vote counting system in the conduct of elections.
6. (Repealed – Bylaw No. 9717 – August 4, 2020)

Creation of Election Database and Programming of Memory Devices

- 6.1 (1) Prior to the election, an election database shall be created on a dedicated elections laptop computer, using proprietary software to design the ballots and program the memory devices.
- (2) The elections laptop computer shall not be connected to the City's computer network or the internet.
- (3) Data moved from the elections laptop computer, including a backup copy of the election database, shall be stored on new USB media, which has not been used in any other computer.
- (4) The original and backup copy of the election database shall be stored in separate secure locations.
- (5) Information from the election database shall be transferred to memory devices and inserted into vote tabulating units to be used in the election.
- (6) Memory devices shall be programmed to print complete and accurate register tapes.
- (7) The programming of memory devices shall occur no earlier than 24 hours after close of the nomination period and prior to pre-poll logic and accuracy testing of the vote tabulating units to be used in the election.

Security, Storage and Transport of Vote Tabulating Units and Memory Devices

- 6.2 (1) Vote tabulating units and memory devices shall be locked in a secure location at all times when unattended by an election official.

- (2) The returning officer or other election official shall record in a register the serial numbers, location and current status of vote tabulating units to be used in the election.
- (3) An election official receiving a vote tabulating unit shall sign the register to indicate receipt of the unit.
- (4) After programming and pre-poll logic and accuracy tests have been completed and the memory device status changed to “set for election”, all memory devices shall be inserted into vote tabulating units to be used in the election and secured with a seal.
- (5) After the close of polls on election day, the returning officer shall match the serial number of each vote tabulating unit to the register and verify that the seal for that vote tabulating unit is intact before removing the memory device to be read by the election computer.
- (6) Read memory devices shall be returned to a secure, locked storage area and the data retained for a period of no less than 90 days after the day on which the election has occurred, unless otherwise ordered by a judge.

Use of Voter Registry and Voters List

- 6.3
- (1) The returning officer may establish and maintain a voter registry and voters list for use in an election.
 - (2) Applications to strike a name from, or make a correction to, the voters list may be made in writing, including electronically by email or any other electronic means acceptable to the returning officer, in accordance with the Act.

Pre-Vote Procedure

- 7.
- (1) Diagnostic testing and preventative maintenance on all vote tabulating units to be used in the election shall be carried out no more than six months before the election.
 - (2) The vote tabulating units’ internal diagnostic mode shall be used to test battery and power indicators, the date and time setting function, the LCD display, the system memory, the printer and the ballot reader.
 - (3) Memory devices shall be cleared of all pre-existing data prior to programming for use in the election.

- (4) An election official shall conduct pre-poll logic and accuracy testing on all memory devices and vote tabulating units after the delivery of ballots and prior to the election.
- (5) Sample ballots shall be used for pre-poll logic and accuracy testing in accordance with the following procedure:
 - (a) variations of marked sample ballots, including ballots on which no vote is marked and over-voted ballots to be used in the election shall be created and inserted into all vote tabulating units to be used in the election;
 - (b) an election official shall print a test register tape and compare it to pre-determined results to ensure sample ballots were read and recorded correctly;
 - (c) the test register tape and all other test election material will be retained for no less than 90 days after the test is complete; and
 - (d) after testing of each memory device and vote tabulating unit is complete, the memory device status will be changed to “set for election”, the memory device inserted into a vote tabulating unit, the device slot sealed and the vote tabulating unit returned to secure storage.
- (6) Prior to the opening of polls on election day, the supervising deputy returning officer shall cause the vote tabulating unit to print a copy of all totals in its memory device and ensure that those totals equal zero. The supervising deputy returning officer shall then certify on the printout, by signature, that the totals indicate zero.
- (7) The printout of totals indicating zero shall remain in the printing compartment of the vote tabulating unit attached to the roll. The printout shall be returned to the returning officer after close of the polls.

Part IV – Ballots and Voting Procedures

Form of Ballot

- 7.1 (1) Subject to such modifications and deviations as are permitted by the Act:
 - (a) the ballot for the election of a member shall be in the form set forth in Schedule “A”;

- (b) the ballot for a vote on a bylaw or resolution shall be in the form set forth in Schedule “B”; and
 - (c) the ballot for a vote on a question shall be in the form set forth in Schedule “C”.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), names of candidates on a ballot shall be arranged alphabetically in accordance with subsection 91(1) of the Act.
- (3) Where there are 5 or more candidates, the returning officer may arrange names of candidates on a ballot randomly in accordance with subsection 91(2) of the Act.

Objection or Request by Candidate or Agent

7.2 Candidates or their agents have the right to:

- (a) object to a person’s eligibility to vote in accordance with subsection 112(1) of the Act; and
- (b) request pursuant to clause 112(2)(b) of the Act to verify that the procedures respecting establishing identity as set out in clause 110(b) of the Act have been followed.

Voting Procedures

8. (1) If:

- (a) the voter is qualified to vote in the election;
- (b) the voter is voting at the correct polling place; and
- (c) the voters name is contained in the poll book;

the issuing deputy returning officer shall provide the voter with a ballot bearing the issuing deputy returning officer’s initials on the reverse side along with a secrecy sleeve.

- (2) After marking the ballot, the voter shall place the ballot in the secrecy sleeve and deliver it to the receiving deputy returning officer, who shall in the presence of the voter, without removing the ballot from the secrecy sleeve, confirm that the ballot bears the initials of the issuing deputy returning officer. The receiving deputy returning officer shall then insert the ballot directly into the vote tabulating unit.

- (3) If, before delivery of the ballot to the receiving deputy returning officer, the voter determines that an error may have been made in marking the ballot, or if the ballot is returned by the vote tabulating unit, the voter may request a replacement ballot from the issuing deputy returning officer.
- (4) Upon a request under subsection (3), the issuing deputy returning officer shall issue a replacement ballot, mark the ballot mentioned in subsection (3) “spoiled” and retain the spoiled ballot separately from all other ballots. Spoiled ballots shall not be counted in the election.
- (5) (Repealed Bylaw 9396 – August 18, 2016)
- (6) During any period that the vote tabulating unit is not functioning, the receiving deputy returning officer supervising the unit shall insert all ballots presented by voters into the emergency ballot compartment, and the ballots in that compartment shall, after the poll closes, be removed by the receiving deputy returning officer and inserted into the vote tabulating unit to be counted.
- (7) (Repealed Bylaw 9396 – August 18, 2016)
- (8) Any ballot which does not bear the initials of the issuing deputy returning officer or which is damaged to the extent that it cannot be inserted into the vote tabulating unit and for which no replacement ballot was provided shall be marked “rejected” and not counted in the election.
- (9) If a vote tabulating unit is not used at an established poll, the ballots shall be kept in the ballot box provided, and shall be counted in accordance with section 13 of this Bylaw.

Monitoring of Vote Tabulating Units

- 8.1 (1) The supervising deputy returning officer and the receiving deputy returning officer shall monitor the vote tabulating units at each poll to ensure they are secure and accurately counting each ballot.
- (2) The supervising deputy returning officer shall, during the poll, perform a reconciliation of ballots to ensure that the number of unused ballots, plus the number of ballots inserted into the vote tabulating unit, plus the number of declined, rejected and spoiled ballots equal the original number of ballots issued to that polling location.
- (3) After the close of the polls on election day, if the returning officer determines that an administrative or technical error may have caused an error in the count of the votes at a poll, the following procedure shall be engaged:

- (a) the returning officer shall examine the poll books of that poll to ensure that no numbering error was made;
- (b) if no numbering error was made, an election official shall make a copy of the memory device from the backup copy of the election database, and in the presence of the returning officer and at least two deputy returning officers, remove the ballots cast at that poll from the ballot box and insert the ballots into a vote tabulating unit for counting;
- (c) if there is a discrepancy between the number of ballots in the ballot box and the number of ballots shown on the original vote tabulating unit, the poll shall be recounted; and
- (d) to recount the poll:
 - (i) an election official shall make a “record copy” of the original memory device containing the record of the original count and label it accordingly;
 - (ii) an election official shall then reset the original memory device to “set for election” status and insert it into a vote tabulating unit;
 - (iii) the returning officer shall print a copy of all totals stored on the original memory device and ensure that those totals equal zero;
 - (iv) the returning officer shall then certify, by signature, on the printout that the totals indicate zero;
 - (v) an election official shall, in the presence of the returning officer and at least two deputy returning officers, remove the ballots cast from the ballot box and insert the ballots into the vote tabulating unit;
 - (vi) after the vote tabulating unit has recounted all votes, two register tapes, or as many as directed by the returning officer, shall be printed and two deputy returning officers and the returning officer shall then certify the results, by signature; and
 - (vii) the returning officer shall cause all election results to be tabulated and displayed.

Part V – Advance Polls

Advance Polls

9. (1) Vote tabulating units shall be used to conduct the vote at all advance voting polls and voting procedures at the advance polls shall be the same as those set forth in section 8 for voting at regular polls.
- (2) At the close of each day at each advance poll, the supervising deputy returning officer shall ensure:
 - (a) that no additional ballots are inserted into the vote tabulating unit;
 - (b) that the emergency ballot compartment is locked to prevent insertion of ballots;
 - (c) that the register tapes in the vote tabulating unit are not generated; and
 - (d) that the memory device in the vote tabulating unit is secured.
- (3) The supervising deputy returning officer at each advance poll shall at the end of voting on the final day of advance voting:
 - (a) ensure that any remaining ballots in the emergency ballot compartment are inserted into the vote tabulating unit;
 - (b) secure the vote tabulating unit so that no more ballots can be inserted; and
 - (c) ensure delivery of the vote tabulating unit, together with the memory device and all other materials used in the election to the returning officer.

Part V.I – Special and Mobile Polls

Special Polls

10. Ballots completed at a special poll shall be deposited in the ballot box provided and counted in accordance with section 13.

Mobile Polls

11. (1) Any two of the following election officials must be present at the time a vote is taken at a mobile poll:
 - (a) returning officer;
 - (b) issuing deputy returning officer;
 - (c) receiving deputy returning officer.
- (2) Ballots completed at a mobile poll shall be deposited in the ballot box provided, and counted in accordance with section 13.

Part VI – Mail-in Ballots

Mail-in Ballot Authorization

- 11.1 A mail-in ballot voting system for the purpose of receiving ballots in an election is established.

Application Process for Mail-in Ballot

- 11.2 (1) An application to vote using a mail-in ballot may not be submitted to the returning officer or other designated election official:
 - (a) in the case of a general election, prior to the first business day in July of the election year;
 - (b) in the case of a by-election, prior to the Wednesday five weeks before nomination day.
- (2) An application to vote using a mail-in ballot, in the form established by the returning officer, may be made:
 - (a) in person;
 - (b) electronically; or
 - (c) by ordinary mail.
- (3) An application to vote using a mail-in ballot must be received by the returning officer or other designated election official:

- (a) in the case of a person applying in person, on or before the day immediately preceding election day; and
 - (b) in the case of a person applying electronically, or by ordinary mail on or before the first day of advance voting as established by the returning officer or other designated election official.
- (4) Before being issued a mail-in ballot, a person requesting a mail-in ballot shall provide to the returning officer or other designated election official:
 - (a) in the circumstances required by subsection 18(1.2) of *The Local Government Election Regulations, 2015*, a voter's registration form; and
 - (b) a declaration signed by the person requesting the mail-in ballot that includes:
 - (i) a statement that the person is qualified to vote;
 - (ii) evidence of the person's identity and residence as set out in section 110 of the Act; and
 - (iii) a statement that the person believes the declaration to be true and knows that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath or affirmation and by virtue of the *Canada Evidence Act*.
- (5) For the purposes of clause 11.2(4)(b):
 - (a) digital signatures on declarations received electronically are acceptable; and
 - (b) for declarations received electronically or by ordinary mail, copies of the identification or information evidencing the person's identity and residence are acceptable.
- (6) A person applying for a mail-in ballot electronically or by ordinary mail may be required to attend in person at the election office if their application, including all supporting documentation, is incomplete, unclear, illegible or otherwise unsatisfactory as determined by the returning officer or other designated election official.

Record of Mail-in Ballot Applications

11.4 If an application for a mail-in ballot is approved, the returning officer or other designated election official shall record the following information:

- (a) the name and ordinary residential address of the applicant;
- (b) the address where the mail-in ballot is to be sent;
- (c) the contact information of the applicant, including email address or telephone number;
- (d) the date the mail-in ballot is sent to the applicant;
- (e) any other information considered appropriate by the returning officer.

Provision of Mail-in Ballot

11.5 (1) As soon as reasonably practicable after nomination day, the returning officer or other designated election official shall mail or otherwise deliver to each person approved to receive a mail-in ballot:

- (a) a ballot for the upcoming election;
 - (b) a ballot secrecy envelope;
 - (c) a voter declaration certificate;
 - (d) a self-addressed voter return envelope for the return of the ballot to the returning officer; and
 - (e) instructions for voting by mail-in ballot.
- (2) Self-addressed voter return envelopes for the return of the ballot to the returning officer shall be postage paid for destinations within Canada.
- (3) In the event a person who was provided a mail-in ballot votes in person at a polling place, the mail-in ballot shall, if subsequently received by the election office, be marked as spoiled.
- (4) A person who was provided a mail-in ballot and who votes at a polling place may be required to swear a voter's declaration in accordance with clause 109(d) of the Act.

Voting and Return of Mail-in Ballots

- 11.6 (1) A person who receives a mail-in ballot:
- (a) shall vote in accordance with the instructions enclosed with the ballot; and
 - (b) may vote for any number of candidates up to the number to be elected in the ward in which the person is entitled to vote.
- (1.1) If, before returning the ballot to the election office, the person who received a mail-in ballot determines that an error may have been made in marking the ballot, the person may apply in person at the election office to request a replacement ballot from the returning officer or other designated election official.
- (1.2) Upon a request under subsection (1.1), the returning officer or other designated election official shall issue a replacement ballot, mark the original ballot as spoiled, retain the spoiled ballot separately from all other ballots, and ensure the spoiled ballot is not counted in the election.
- (2) A person who has voted by mail-in ballot shall:
- (a) place the completed ballot in the ballot secrecy envelope and seal the envelope;
 - (b) place the sealed ballot secrecy envelope in the voter return envelope;
 - (c) complete and sign the voter declaration certificate;
 - (d) place the signed voter declaration certificate in the voter return envelope and seal the envelope; and
 - (e) return the voter return envelope to the returning officer by mail, courier or in person.

Receipt of Mail-in Ballots

- 11.7 (1) Upon receipt of a mail-in ballot, the returning officer or other designated election official shall:
- (a) open the voter return envelope;
 - (b) remove the voter declaration certificate from the voter return envelope and:

- (i) confirm the voter declaration certificate is signed and otherwise completed;
 - (ii) scan the barcode on the voter declaration certificate; and
 - (iii) compare the information associated with the voter declaration certificate against the information contained in the voters list portal;
- (c) determine and record the date and time the ballot is received and whether the ballot is rejected, accepted or declined pursuant to clause (1)(d), (e) or (f);
- (d) if the certificate is not signed or otherwise properly completed or the information does not match the information in the voters list portal, place the unopened ballot secrecy envelope in a separate envelope for ballots that are rejected;
- (e) if the certificate is signed and otherwise properly completed and the information matches the information in the voters list portal, place the unopened ballot secrecy envelope in a portable ballot box designated for mail-in ballots;
- (f) if the voter has indicated that they have declined to mark their ballot, place the unopened ballot secrecy envelope in a separate envelope for ballots that are declined; and
- (g) place the voter confirmation certificate inside the voter return envelope and place them in a separate designated envelope.
- (2) Notwithstanding clause (1)(d), in cases where information is missing from a voter declaration certificate, the returning officer or other designated election official may attempt to contact the voter to give them an opportunity to provide the missing information.
- (3) A person shall be deemed to have voted at the time their mail-in ballot is received and processed by the election office.

Counting of Mail-in Ballots

- 11.8 (1) Subject to subsection (2), after the close of polls on election day, the returning officer or other designated election official shall:
- (a) remove the sealed ballot secrecy envelope from the portable ballot box designated for mail-in ballots;

- (b) remove the mail-in ballot from the ballot secrecy envelope;
 - (c) insert the mail-in ballot into the vote tabulating unit designated for mail-in ballots;
 - (d) complete the vote counting procedures mentioned in section 12; and
 - (e) record whether the mail-in ballot was rejected, declined or recreated pursuant to subsection (6).
- (2) If 100 or more mail-in ballots are received on or before the final day of advance voting, clauses (1)(a) through(c) may be performed by the returning officer or other designated election official on the business day immediately following the final day of advance voting.
- (3) Candidates or their agents shall be notified by the returning officer or other designated election official prior to the processing of mail-in ballots as provided for in subsection (2).
- (4) In order to be counted, a mail-in ballot must be received by the returning officer or other designated election official by the close of polls on election day.
- (5) Mail-in ballots received after the close of polls on election day are deemed to be spoiled ballots and shall be dealt with by the deputy returning officer in accordance with subsection 118(2) of the Act.
- (6) In the event a mail-in ballot is not accepted by a vote tabulating unit, a designated election official may, subject to subsection (7):
 - (a) spoil the ballot;
 - (b) mark a new ballot to recreate the original ballot; and
 - (c) insert the new ballot into the vote tabulating unit.
- (7) A ballot may only be recreated pursuant to subsection (6) if designated election officials agree that the original ballot:
 - (a) was completed correctly; and
 - (b) clearly indicates the voter's choice in the circle provided on the ballot opposite the name of the candidate.

Examination by Candidate or Agent

- 11.9 Voter's registration forms and declarations of persons requesting mail-in ballots, voter declaration certificates and voter return envelopes may be inspected by candidates or candidates' agents at the election office during normal business hours commencing on the day following nomination day and ending at the close of polls on election day.

Part VII – Vote Counting

Procedures for Counting Votes

12. After the close of polls on election day, the supervising deputy returning officer shall:
- (a) ensure that any remaining ballots in the emergency ballot compartment are inserted into the vote tabulating unit;
 - (b) secure the vote tabulating unit so that no more ballots can be inserted;
 - (c) generate two copies, or such other number as is directed by the returning officer, of the register tape from the vote tabulating unit;
 - (d) forward election data to the returning officer;
 - (e) complete a ballot statement accounting for the unused, spoiled, declined, rejected and voted ballots; and
 - (f) ensure delivery of the ballot statement, register tape, poll book and all other election materials to the returning officer.
13. After the close of the polls on election day, the returning officer shall:
- (a) input ballots from:
 - (i) any established poll at which a vote tabulating unit was not used;
 - (ii) any special poll; and
 - (iii) any mobile poll;

- (b) generate copies of the register tape from the vote tabulating unit for the advance polls and the polls referred to in clause (a); and
- (c) cause all election results to be tabulated and displayed at City Hall, 222 Third Avenue North, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, or another location as determined by the returning officer.

Procedures for Recounting Votes After Declaration of Results

- 13.1 The recount of votes after the returning officer has declared the election results shall be conducted in accordance with Part X of the Act.

Retention of Election Materials

- 13.2 Mail-in ballots and forms and other election materials shall be retained and destroyed in accordance with section 142 of the Act.

Effective Date

14. This Bylaw comes into effect on the day of final passage.

Read a first time this 24th day of February, 2003.

Read a second time this 24th day of February, 2003.

Read a third time and passed this 24th day of February, 2003.

"James Maddin"
Mayor

"Janice Mann"
City Clerk

"SEAL"

Schedule "A"
Form of Ballot
Election of a Member

Instructions to Voters: Vote by completely filling in the OVAL to the RIGHT of the candidate(s) of your choice. If you tear or wrongly mark your ballot, return it and another will be provided.
VOTE LIKE THIS ● .

FOR:

OFFICE OF MAYOR

YOU ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE FOR ONE CANDIDATE

CHRISTIE, Gayle ☐

TONKS, Alan ☐

FOR:

OFFICE OF COUNCILLOR

YOU ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE FOR ONE CANDIDATE

HERGERT, Edgar ☐

HOWELLS, Dan ☐

PAGE, Joan ☐

RAGNO, Enzo ☐

FOR:

**TRUSTEES
SEPARATE SCHOOL BOARD**

YOU ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE FOR SEVEN CANDIDATES

BELL, Jay ☐
Lawyer

COLLE, Michael ☐
Union Representative

GOLDBERG, Dan ☐
Store Clerk

NOBLEMAN, Ben ☐
Teacher

PETERS, Cathy ☐
Musician

REID, James ☐
Salesperson

SCOTT, Jack ☐
Contractor

THOMPSON, Robert ☐
Electrician

WILSON, Pat ☐
Teacher

FOR:

**TRUSTEE
PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD**

YOU ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE FOR ONE CANDIDATE


POLLOCK, Evelyn ☐
Insurance Agent

SIMPSON, Doris ☐
Physician

Schedule "B"


Form of Ballot

Vote on a Bylaw or Resolution

Instructions to Voters: Vote for or against the bylaw (or resolution) by completely filling in the OVAL to the RIGHT of the words which express your intention. Do not write any word or other figure on this ballot. If you tear or wrongly mark your ballot, return it and another will be provided.
VOTE LIKE THIS .

Vote on bylaw (or resolution) to *(here state object of the bylaw or resolution)*

For the Bylaw (or Resolution) 


Against the Bylaw (or Resolution) 

Submitted by the City of Saskatoon (or school division) this ____ day of ____ 20____.

Schedule "C"

Form of Ballot

Vote on a Question

Instructions to Voters: Vote for or against the question by completely filling in the OVAL to the RIGHT of the words which express your intention. Do not write any word or other figure on this ballot. If you tear or wrongly mark your ballot, return it and another will be provided.
VOTE LIKE THIS .

Vote on the Question:

(here state question)

Yes 

No 

Submitted by the City of Saskatoon (or school division) this ____ day of ____, 20____.