For more information on urban wildlife in Saskatoon, visit saskatoon.ca/wildlifemanagement or contact Urban Biological Services at 306-975-3300.
Co-existing with Raccoons

Raccoons are well adapted to urban areas and are commonly found in Saskatoon. To prevent raccoons from entering your property, remove sources of food and shelter and consider these tips:

- Ensure garbage, compost, bird seed and pet food are not accessible.
- Prevent access to garages, sheds, barns and attics by securing potential entry points.
- Prune tree branches that overhang or provide access to buildings. Tree trunks can also be wrapped in sheet metal to prevent climbing.

If a raccoon is injured, trapped or diseased, call Urban Biological Services at 306-975-3300.

Raccoon & Human Interactions

When raccoons inhabit an area, they establish a community latrine. These latrines can be located at the base or in forks of trees, on raised horizontal surfaces (logs, stumps, wood piles, rocks, decks, patios), or in attics and garages.

Raccoon feces may contain raccoon roundworm (Baylisascaris procyonis), which lives in the raccoon's intestine and produces microscopic eggs that are shed in the feces. This parasite can be very harmful to humans and a variety of other animals.

Consult public health authorities for information on cleaning raccoon latrines.